

# Monitoring Community-Based Voluntary Counselling and Testing (CBVCT)

**GUIDELINES FOR AGGREGATED DATA SUBMISSION** 

*Updated: 22.12.2023* 

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#### **INTRODUCTION**

This document was prepared for members of the COBATEST network that use their own data entry system (and not the COBATEST online tool), as guidance on how to submit aggregated data for monitoring and evaluation (M&E) indicators. The guidelines provide the list of indicators required for completing the Excel of CBVCT M&E indicators. The CBVCT indicator data should be extracted from the CBVCT services own data management system and prepared according to the specifications.

CBVCT M&E data files should be submitted to the COBATEST Network annually, by the following deadlines:

Data for the period:	Should be submitted by:
1st January 2017 - 31st December 2017	31st March 2018
1st January 2018 - 31st December 2018	31st March 2019
1st January 2019 - 31st December 2019	31st March 2020
1st January 2020 - 31st December 2020	31st March 2021
1st January 2021 - 31st December 2021	31st March 2022
1st January 2021 - 31st December 2022	31st March 2023
1st January 2022 - 31st December 2023	31st March 2024
1st January 2023 - 31st December 2024	31st March 2025
1st January 2022 - 31st December 2025	31st March 2026
1st January 2022 - 31st December 2026	31st March 2027

#### **ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS**

The document is based on the "Core indicators to monitor HIV diagnosis at community based voluntary counselling and testing (CBVCT) services" which was developed within the project "HIV community-based testing practices in Europe" (HIV-COBATEST) with cofunding from the Executive Agency for Health and Consumers (EAHC) under the EU Public Health Programme (Grant Agreement N° 2009 12 11). An early draft was developed by Irena Klavs (National Institute of Public Health-NIPH, Slovenia) in collaboration with Jordi Casabona (Centre d'Estudis Epidemiològics sobre les Infeccions de Transmissió Sexual i Sida de Catalunya – CEEISCAT, Spain), Cristina Agustí Benito (CEEISCAT), Laura Fernàndez López (CEEISCAT), Eduardo Ditzel (Projecte dels NOMS-HISPANOSIDA, Spain), Miha Lobnik (LEGEBITRA, Slovenia), and Per Slaaen Kaye (STOP AIDS, AIDS-Foundation, Denmark).

Consensus on the list of core and optional CBVCT indicators was reached on the draft document at the Workshop on the Core Group of Indicators to Monitor HIV Diagnosis in CBVCT Services in th Barcelona on 24 of May 2012. Special thanks to Tobias Alfven (Joint United Nations Programme on HIV/AIDS - UNAIDS, Switzerland) for his contribution to the workshop and all his suggestions on how to improve the document.

In addition to all individuals mentioned above, the following individuals participated at the workshop: Elena Adán (CAS Lluís Companys — Creu Roja, Spain), Maite Arrillaga (CEEISCAT), Alison Brown (Health Protection Agency-HPA, UK), Michele Breveglieri (ULSS 20, Italy), Laia Ferrer (CEEISCAT), Ricardo Fuertes (CheckpointLX, Portugal), Frank Funz (AIDS-Hilfe, Germany), Martina Furegato (ULSS 20, Italy), Jakob Haff (AIDS-Foundation, Denmark), Michael Meulbroek (Projecte dels NOMS-HISPANOSIDA, Spain), Adriana Morales Sida, (Stop Spain), Galina Musat (ARAS, Romania), Félix Pérez (Projecte dels NOMS-HISPANOSIDA, Spain), Ivo Procházka (Institute of Sexology, Czeck Republic), Ferran Pujol (Projecte dels NOMS-HISPANOSIDA, Spain), Daniela Rojas Castro (Association AIDES, France), Giorgio Sandrini Italy), (Arcigay, Sílvia Silva (Àmbit Prevenció-Ámbit Dona, Spain), Igor Sobolev (Estonian Network of LivingPeoplewith HIV, Estonia),

Július Szabó (Ceska spolecnost AIDS pomoc, Czech Republic), Inga Upmace (The Baltic HIV association, Latvia), and Iwona Wawer (National AIDS Centre of Poland).

After the Workshop on the Core Group of Indicators to Monitor HIV Diagnosis in CBVCT Services, the document was sent for final comments to all members of the HIV-COBATEST Steering Committee and the members of the Advisory Board of the HIV-COBATEST Project, who were: Cinthia Lemos, Menel- HIV-COBATEST Project Officer (Executive Agency for Health and Consumers – EAHC, Luxemburg), Marita Van der Laar (European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control – ECDC, Sweden), Luisa Frescura (UNAIDS), Martin C. Donoghoe (World Health Organisation – WHO, Europe, Denmark), Brenda Spencer (Laussane University Institute of Social and Preventive Medicine, Switzerland), Ricardo Fernandes (European AIDS Treatment Group, Belgium), Jens D. Lundgren (National University Hospital & University of Copenhagen HIV programme and HIV in Europe, Denmark).

The preparation of the final document was coordinated by Irena Klavs and Cristina Agustí Benito through several rounds of review by e-mail and teleconferences and the contribution of Jordi Casabona, Laura Fernàndez López, Eduardo Ditzel, Miha Lobnik, and Per Slaaen Kaye.

#### **CBVCT INDICATORS**

Although the list of core CBVCT indicators suggested above for M&E CBVCT services is already rather long, individual CBVCT sites may decide to monitor a few additional indicators that are relevant to their specific CBVCT service objectives and targets or are requested for monitoring by funding agencies or donors. Such additional indicators could include indicators on counselling quality and content, client satisfaction, counsellors' requirements, and satisfaction, etc. This might require not only more extensive data collection but also more complex data collection methods (e.g. exit interviews to monitor clients' satisfaction (9) or direct observation of interaction between clients and providers to monitor adherence to national HTC service quality standards) and should be considered carefully.

Core CBVCT indicators for CBVCT services offering HIV screening

Firstly, CBVCTs will complete contextual descriptive data about the service such as: type of test used, staff involved, key populations targeted, data collection tool used (standardised questionnaire, online tool etc).

All these indicators, except for CBVCT 10 and CBVCT 11, should also be monitored in "disaggregated" form by gender (cisgender men, cisgender women, transgender men, transgender women, non-binary), age (<25 and 25+ years old) and key population at risk (MSM, SW, drug users, PWID, migrants).

If a client is in two or more key populations, they should be recorded as such (e.g. an PWID SW would be recorded in two categories and then once in "All").

Screening tests may be Enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay (ELISA) HIV test or rapid HIV test. Please specify in the contextual data.

CBVCT 1: Number of clients tested for HIV

To count number of clients, unique identifier must be used to eliminate duplicate tests and to link information obtained at different visits from the same client and information

about the same client received from other services (e.g. HIV testing laboratory). For an example of the unique identifier recommended by COBATEST, see Appendix 1.

CBVCT 2: Proportion of clients who reported to have been previously tested for HIV

Number of clients who reported to have been previously tested for HIV

Number of clients screened for HIV

CBVCT 3: Proportion of clients who reported to have been tested for HIV during preceding 12 months

Number of clients who reported to have been previously tested for HIV

in previous 12 months

Number of clients screened for HIV

CBVCT 4: Proportion of clients with reactive screening HIV test result

Number of clients with reactive screening test

Number of clients screened for HIV x 100

CBVCT 5: Proportion of clients with reactive HIV screening test result who were tested with confirmatory HIV test

For clients who have a reactive HIV test, confirmatory testing usually takes place in a healthcare facility with a fourth-generation test. Recording of this will depend on the client reporting back to the CBVCT or giving permission to be followed-up.

Number of clients with reactive screening test who were tested

with confirmatory HIV test

Number of clients with a reactive HIV screening test

x 100

CBVCT 6: Proportion of clients with positive confirmatory HIV test result

Number of clients with positive confrimatory HIV test
Number of clients with a reactive HIV screening test x 100

CBVCT 7: Proportion of clients with false positive results

Number of clients with false positive result

Number of clients screened for HIV

x 100

CBVCT 8: Number of clients needed to test to find a positive HIV result

 $\frac{\textit{Number of clients tested}}{\textit{Number of clients with positive confirmatory HIV test}} \times 100$ 

Optional CBVCT indicators for CBVCT services offering HIV screening

CBVCT 9: Cost per client screened for HIV

Total operational cost of the CBVCT service

Number of clients screened for HIV

CBVCT 10: Cost per confirmed HIV diagnosis

Total operational cost of the CBVCT service

Number of clients with confirmed HIV infection

CBVCT 11: Proportion of clients with confirmed HIV diagnosis who were linked to healthcare

The OptTest definition of linkage to care: the proportion of patients seen for HIV care (measured by first CD4 count and/or viral load and/or attendance date and/or treatment start date). Most CBVCT services collect linkage to care based on first attendance date at healthcare facility. Prompt linkage is: linkage within 3 months of diagnosis. Recording of this variable will depend on the client consenting to share this information either themselves or through the health system.

Number of clients with confirmed HIV infection

who were linked to care

Number of clients with confrimed HIV infection
first screened in CBVCT

CBVCT 12: Proportion of clients who tested HIV positive at CBVCT sites who were diagnosed late

Late diagnosis is defined as CD4 cells count of <350 CD4 cell/mm3within three months after HIV diagnosis.

 $\frac{\textit{who were diagnosed late}}{\textit{Number of clients with confrimed HIV infection}} \times 100$   $\frac{\textit{Number of clients with confrimed HIV infection}}{\textit{first screened in CBVCT}} \times 100$ 

Core CBVCT indicators for CBVCT services offering HCV/Syphilis/other screening

If your CBVCT offers screening for HCV, syphilis, HBV or other complete an extra sheet on the Excel for each disease. The tests used should be specified in the first sheet in contextual information.

Indicators CBVCT ST 1-8 should also be monitored in "disaggregated" form by gender (cisgender men, cisgender women, transgender men, transgender women, non-binary), age (<25 and 25+ years old) and key population at risk (MSM, SW, drug users, PWID, migrants).

If a client is in two or more key populations, they should be recorded as such (e.g. an PWID SW would be recorded in two categories and then once in "All").

CBVCT STI 1: Number of clients tested for [HCV/syphilis/HBV/other STI] with a screening test

To count number of clients, a CBVCT service specific clients' unique identifiers must be used to eliminate duplicates. For an example of the unique identifier recommended by COBATEST, see Appendix 1.

CBVCT STI 2: Proportion of clients who reported to have been previously tested for [HCV/syphilis/HBV/other STI]

Number of clients who reported to have been previously tested for [HCV or syphilis] infection

Number of clients screened for [HCV/syphilis/HBV/other STI] infection x 100

CBVCT STI 3: Proportion of clients who reported to have been previously diagnosed with [HCV/syphilis/HBV/other STI]

Number of clients who reported to have been previously

diagnosed for [HCV or syphilis] infection

Number of clients screened for [HCV/syphilis/HBV/other STI] infection x 100

CBVCT STI 4: Proportion of clients who reported to have been previously diagnosed with [HCV/syphilis/HBV/other STI] during preceding 12 months

Number of clients who reported to have been previously diagnosed for [HCV or syphilis] infection in previous 12 month

Number of clients screened for [HCV/syphilis/HBV/other STI] infection x 100

CBVCT STI 5: Proportion of clients with reactive screening [HCV/syphilis/HBV/other STI] test result

Number of clients with reactive screening test

Number of clients screened [HCV/syphilis/HBV/other STI] infection x 100

CBVCT STI 6: Proportion of clients with reactive screening [HCV/syphilis/HBV/other STI] test result who were tested with confirmatory [HCV/syphilis/HBV/other STI] test

Number of clients with reactive screening test who were tested
with confirmatory [HCV or syphilis] test
Number of clients with a reactive [HCV/syphilis/HBV/other STI]screening test

CBVCT STI 7: Proportion of clients with [HCV/syphilis/HBV/other STI] diagnosis of active infection

Number of clients with positive confrimatory [HCV or syphilis] test

Number of clients with a reactive [HCV or syphilis] screening test

x 100

CBVCT STI 8: Proportion of clients with [HCV/syphilis/HBV/other STI] diagnosis of old infection

Number of clients with diagnosis of old [HCV or syphilis] infection

Number of clients screened for [HCV/syphilis/HBV/other STI] infection x 100

CBVCT STI 9: Cost per client screened for [HCV/syphilis/HBV/other STI]

Total operational cost of the CBVCT service

Number of clients screened for [HCV/syphilis/HBV/other STI] infection

CBVCT STI 10: Cost per confirmed [HCV/syphilis/HBV/other STI] diagnosis

Total operational cost of the CBVCT service

Number of clients with confirmed [HCV/syphilis/HBV/other STI] infection

CBVCT STI 11: Proportion of clients with confirmed [HCV/syphilis/HBV/other STI] diagnosis who were linked to healthcare

Number of clients with confirmed [HCV or syphilis] infection  $\frac{who \ were \ linked \ to \ care}{\text{Number of clients with confrimed [HCV/syphilis/HBV/other STI] infection first screened in CBVCT}} \times 100$ 

# RECOMMENDATIONS FOR THE IMPLEMENTATION OF GUIDELINES FOR CBVCT SERVICES

Monitoring and evaluation (M&E) of CBVCT at individual service level requires the allocation of resources such as personnel time and logistic support which should be planned for. Help in preparing the data for submission can be requested from the coordinating organization of the COBATEST Network.

For individual CBVCT services, incorporating CBVCT indicators into their M&E will provide internationally standardized information for improving their services and enable them to compare their performance over time and to other similar services. Individual CBVCT services may also use such M&E results for advocating for CBVCT services in addition to health care-based HTC services and for providing evidence of their good performance and impact when seeking funding. Such standardized approach will also allow for comparability of CBVCT M&E data within the European HIV-COBATEST network, between CBVCT services in member states and at the international level.

The majority of necessary data items for the suggested CBVCT indicators can be collected at the CBVCT site through routine record keeping. For estimating the last two very important optional CBVCT indicators, additional information on clients who were diagnosed as HIV positive at CBVCT sites should be obtained from either healthcare services to which they were referred to or from the national HIV surveillance system. This will require involvement and cooperation of relevant local stakeholders and the use of a common unique identifier data. In negotiating access to such data, personal data protection issues should be considered carefully and, if necessary, a local medical ethical committee consent should be sought.

An example of a core CBVCT indicators data collection form is given in Appendix 2. This form was designed to be used by CBVCT services that will be members of the HIV-COBATEST network for sending the data to the HIV-COBATEST coordinator. The form can also be used to send the data to the national HIV/AIDS prevention, treatment, and care programme to be used for the purpose national of M&E of CBVCT within the national HTC programme.

### APPENDIX 1. COBATEST UNIQUE IDENTIFIER

The COBATEST unique identifier is alphabetical and numerical and based on the answers to five questions.



Gender: numerical (0 cis man, 1 cis woman, 2 trans man, trans woman, non binary or other).

Date of birth: numerical (DDMMYYYY).

Number of older brothers: numerical.

Number of older sisters: numerical.

Initial letter of mother's first name: alphabetical.

# APPENDIX 2: TESTING DATA COLLECTION FORM

COBATEST NETWORK  HIV, SYPHILIS, HCV AND HBV TESTING DATA COLLECTION FORM
Name of the CBVCT site: Testing site: CBVCT office Public venue (pharmacy, library)
City of the CBVCT site: Outdoors/Van Amusement venue (coffe,bar)
Date of visit: Sex work venue Needle exchange venue
Day Month Year  Who provides the testing: Health professional Layworker (no peet) Peer Other:
User's Unique identifier (used by the CBVCT service):
OR
User's Unique identifier (COBATEST):  Gender (O cisman, 1 ciswoman, 2 trans man, trans woman or non-binary)  O cisman, 1 ciswoman or non-binary)
Client's characteristics:
Gender: Man (cis) Woman (cis) Trans man Trans woman Non-binary Other: Date of birth: Day Month Year
Foreign Yes Country of birth: Year of arrival to this country: (if migrant)
No Is the client a: Tourist Foreign student Refugee Resident
Don't know
Do you have access to free health care services? Yes No Don't know Other:
Have you been homeless during past 12 months? Yes, currently Yes, but not currently No Don't know Refuse to answer
Reasons for testing: (multiresponse)
Risk exposition For control/screening Window period in the last test
Unprotected vaginal sex My partner asked me to
Unprotected anal sex Before dropping using condom with my partner
Unprotected oral sex I wish to have a baby
Broken condom Prenatal screening: before delivery
Unprotected sex with sex worker Regular control
My partner has tested positive recently Only to know my health status
Episode of sharing injection material   I want to start PrEP / Monitoring PrEP    Other:   Other:   Other:   Other:
Other: Ot
Ive come here before     Ive seen this CBVCT in a pamphlet     Other:
A friend told me about this CBVCT   I've found this CBVCT in internet
Behavioural factors:
Sex in the last 12 months with (multianswer): Men (cis) Women (cis) Trans men Trans women Non-binary I haven't had sex Don't know
Condom use in the last sexual relation with penetration
Received money, drugs, good or services for sex in the last 12 months
STI diagnosed in the last 12 months Yes No Don't know
Drugs use? Yes No Don't know
Drugs use route? (multianswer): Injecting — Last time: Less than 30 days Less than 12 months Ever Don't know
Sniffing/Snorting — Last time: Less than 30 days Less than 12 months Lever Don't know
Smoking — Last time: Less than 30 days Less than 12 months Ever Don't know
Oral Less than 30 days Less than 12 months Ever Don't know
Other ————————————————————————————————————
Main drugs used: Cannabis Cocaine Amphetamine MDMA Heroin / other opioids New psychoactive substances Other:
Using material of injection that were already used by others in the last 12 months, as: Syringes and/or needles Spoons, filters, water Yes No Don't know
Using other material for non-injecting drug use that were already used by others in the last 12 months?
Have you injected drugs in prison?
Are you at opioid agonist treatment currently?  Yes No Don't know
STI vaccinations:
Vaccination for Hepatitis A (with all required dosis)  Yes Don't know  On the latest and the lat
Vaccination for Hepatitis B (with all required dosis)  Yes No Don't know  Vaccination for Papilloma virus (with all required dosis)  Yes No Don't know
Vaccination for Papilloma virus (with all required dosis)  Yes No Don't know  Vaccination for Mpox (with all required dosis)  Yes No Don't know

Testing:	
Screening HIV test:	Last HIV test performed: Less than 3 months Less than 12 months More than 12
Previous HIV tests	Yes No Don't know   months   Don't know   Year of HIV diagnosis:
Previous HIV diagnosis	Yes No Don't know
Are HIV test performed	you on treatment? Yes No Don't know  Type of test used: Rapid blood test Rapid oral test
Screening test result:	Reactive Non reactive Undetermined Conventional test (Elisa)
Did you perform an extra test?	Yes
Confirmatory test performed	Yes No Don't know
Confirmatory HIV test result :	Positive Negative Inconclusive
Patient referred to healthcare system	Yes No Don't know
Patient linked to healthcare system	Yes No Don't know Date of linkage:  Day Month Year
Syphilis test:	Last syphilis test performed: Less than 3 months Less than 12 months
Previous syphilis tests	Yes No Don't know Year of last syphilis Don't know
Previous syphilis diagnosis	Yes No Don't know diagnosis: Year
Syphilis test performed	Yes No
Type of test used:	Rapid test Conventional test Confirmatory test performed? Yes No Don't know
Screening test result: Reactive	
Syphilis diagnosis: Active in	fection Serological scar (old or cured infection) Unknown Negative
Patient referred to healthcare system	Yes No Don't know
Patient linked to healthcare system	Yes No Don't know Date of linkage:  Day Month Year
HCV test	Last HCV test performed: Less than 3 months Less than 12 months
Previous HCV test	Yes No Don't know Don't know
Previous HCV diagnosis	Year of last HCV Year of last HCV Year of last HCV Year of last HCV Year
Have you	received treatment? Yes—Which treatment? Interferon—Interferon Stopped Ireatment Ireatment Interferon
	No New DAA → Treatment on Stopped brown treatment treatment when the stopped the stopped treatment on the stopped treatment of the stopped known the stopped treatment of
HCV test performed	Yes No Don't know Don't know
Type of test used:	Rapid oral test Rapid blood test Conventional test
Screening test result: Reactive	HCV RNA test performed? Yes Don't know
HCV diagnosis: Active in	fection Serological scar (old or cured infection) Unknown Negative
Patient referred to healthcare system	Yes No Don't know Date of linkage:
Patient linked to healthcare system	Yes No Don't know Day Month Year
HBV test	Last HBV test performed: Less than 3 months Less than 12 months
Previous HBV test	Year of HBV   months   Don't know
Previous HBV diagnosis	Yes No Don't know diagnosis: Year
HBV test performed	Yes No
Type of test used:	Rapid blood test Conventional test  Confirmatory test performed? Yes No Don't know
Screening test result: Reactive	
HBV diagnosis: Positive	Negative Unknown Past cured infection Don't know
Patient referred to healthcare system	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Don't know ☐ Date of linkage:
Patient linked to healthcare system	Yes No Don't know Day Month Year
Comments:	